

Data Definitions and Sources for the TDMH 2012 Needs Assessment

The Tennessee Department of Mental Health (TDMH) Fiscal Year 2012 Indicator Databook includes 40 total indicators covering three domains: Children and Youth, Adults, and Demographics. Within these three domains, data for each indicator were reported on the county level and then organized by TDMH Policy and Planning Council regions.

When appropriate, percentages were computed based on a target regional population specific to that indicator. These percentages were then ranked as high, medium or low. “High” percentages have values above the 75th percentile of all of the planning region’s percentages, “Middle” percentages have values between the 25th and 75th percentile, and “Low” percentages have values less than the 25th percentile. In some instances rounding may obscure small differences in percent values. This may result in similar values being placed in percentile categories.

The original data source and year are provided for each indicator below. Time periods for data were reported in a variety of ways. FY 2011 refers to the State Fiscal Year (FY) which is July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011. All reported education-related indicators correspond to a specific school year. Unless otherwise noted, data time periods correspond to the calendar year.

Children and Youth Indicators

- **1.1. Number of Youth Between the Ages of 12 and 17 with a Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year (National Survey on Drug Use and Health 2008 - 2009).** This indicator represents state-level estimates provided by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) for persons in this category who demonstrate dependence or abuse as defined in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)*. Illicit drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. (SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2008 and 2009, <http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/SAMHDA/>).
- **1.2. Youth Between the Ages of 12 and 17 with a Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 1.1. by the total number of children between the ages of 12 and 17 (Census 2010).

- **2.1. Number of Children Under 18 Referred to Juvenile Court (Tennessee Council of Juvenile and Family Court Judges 2010).** This indicator represents an unduplicated count of youth under 18 who were brought into juvenile court during the 2010 calendar year. The Tennessee Council of Juvenile and Family Court Judges reported the data in the 2010 Annual Juvenile Court Statistical Report (http://www.tncourts.gov/sites/default/files/docs/2010_annual_report_0.pdf).
- **2.2. Children Under 18 Referred to Juvenile Court as a Percent of Regional Population Under 18.** Percentages were computed by dividing 2.1. by 35.1.
- **3.1. Number of Children Under 18 in Poverty (American Community Survey 2010).** This indicator represents a five-year estimate of youth under 18 who were living with an income level below the official poverty threshold from 2006 to 2010.
- **3.2. Children in Poverty as a Percent of Regional Population Under 18.** Percentages were computed by dividing 3.1. by 35.1.
- **4.1. Number of Children Expelled (Tennessee Department of Education 2010).** This indicator displays the number of public school students expelled from school during the 2010 school year. The data for this indicator were obtained from the Kids Count Indicator Data Center – Tennessee (<http://datacenter.kidscount.org/>).
- **4.2. Children Expelled as a Percent of Regional Population Under 18.** Percentages were computed by dividing 4.1. by 35.1.
- **5.1. Number of Children Suspended (Tennessee Department of Education 2010).** This indicator represents the number of students suspended in 2010. The data for this indicator were obtained from the Kids Count Indicator Data Center – Tennessee (<http://datacenter.kidscount.org/>).
- **5.2. Children Suspended as a Percent of Regional Population Under 18.** Percentages were computed by dividing 5.1. by 35.1.
- **6.1. Number of Drug Related Arrests for Youth Under 18 (Tennessee Incident Based Reporting System 2010).** This indicator represents the number of youth under 18 in 2010 who violated the law prohibiting the production, distribution, and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The data for this indicator were obtained from the Tennessee Incident Based Reporting System (http://tbi.state.tn.us/tn_crime_stats/tibrs.shtml).

- **6.2. Drug Related Arrests for Youth as a Percent of Regional Population Under 18.** Percentages were computed by dividing 6.1. by 1.1.
- **7.1. Number of Youth Under 21 Enrolled in TennCare (Bureau of TennCare 2009).** This indicator represents the number of youth under the age of 21 on TennCare as of December 2009. TennCare is Tennessee's Medicaid program. The data for this indicator were obtained from the Kids Count Indicator Data Center – Tennessee (<http://datacenter.kidscount.org/>).
- **7.2. Youth Enrolled in TennCare as a Percent of Regional Population Under 21.** Percentages were computed by dividing 7.1. by the number of persons under 21 (Census 2010).
- **8.1. Number of TDMH Funded A&D Adolescent Treatment Admissions (TDMH FY 2011).** This indicator represents a unique count of consumers who are adolescents, 12 – 17 years of age, with a primary or secondary alcohol or other drug abuse or dependency diagnosis or co-occurring substance use and psychiatric diagnosis. These consumers are not enrolled in Tennessee's Medicaid program, TennCare; have exhausted their TennCare or other third party alcohol and drug abuse treatment benefits; or do not have any other third party health benefits payor source. The data for this indicator were obtained from the Tennessee Web Interface Technology System (TN-WITS).
- **8.2. TDMH Funded A&D Adolescent Treatment Admissions as a Percent of Youth 12 – 17.** Percentages were computed by dividing 8.1. by 1.1.
- **9.1. Number of TDMH Funded A&D Prevention Programming Participants (TDMH FY 2011).** This indicator represents a unique count of consumers who received TDMH-funded alcohol and drug abuse (A&D) prevention programming in FY 2011. A&D Prevention programming is evidence-based and designed to work with specific high risk populations including, but not limited to, foster care youth, juvenile justice involved youth, and youth attending alternative schools. Programs increase protective factors and decrease risk factors and are designed to intervene early with small group educational activities that have been proven to be effective in reducing use or one's likelihood of becoming addicted in the future. The data for this indicator were obtained from the Tennessee Web Interface Technology System (TN-WITS).
- **10.1. Number of TDMH Funded A&D Prevention Sites (TDMH FY 2011).** This indicator represents a count of sites that provided TDMH A&D Prevention services in FY 2011. The data for this indicator were obtained from the Tennessee Web Interface Technology System (TN-WITS).

- **11.1. Number of TDMH Funded A&D Coalitions (TDMH FY 2011).** This indicator represents a count of TDMH-funded A&D County Coalitions. The focus of state-funded coalitions is to reverse Tennessee's upward trend in binge drinking by decreasing the total number of 14-25 year olds who engage in binge drinking within any 30- day period. The data for this indicator were obtained from the Tennessee Web Interface Technology System (TN-WITS).
- **12.1. Number of TDMH Funded A&D Adolescent Treatment Sites (TDMH FY 2011).** This indicator represents a count of TDMH funded A&D Adolescent Treatment sites where services were provided in FY 2011. The data for this indicator were obtained from the Tennessee Web Interface Technology System (TN-WITS).
- **13.1. Mental Health Residential Treatment for Children & Youth Licensed Bed Capacity (TDMH as of 2/23/2012).** This indicator represents the licensed capacity of facilities which provide 24-hour residential treatment and habilitation to persons under 18 years of age with a mental illness or who are seriously emotionally disturbed (SED). The focus of the program may be on short-term stabilization or long-term treatment and habilitation. The program must provide, or arrange, for an education component that is in compliance with the Rules, Regulations, and Minimum Standards of the Tennessee State Board of Education. The data for this indicator were obtained from the TDMH Licensure Database.
(<https://mhddapps.state.tn.us/Licensure/Inquiry.aspx?RPT=TDMHDD%20License%20Inquiry>)
- **14.1. A&D Residential Treatment for Children & Youth Licensed Bed Capacity (TDMH as of 2/23/2012).** This indicator represents the licensed capacity of residential programs which offer 24-hour treatment to service recipients under 18 years of age with the primary purpose of restoring service recipients with alcohol and/or drug abuse or dependency disorders to abstinence and levels of positive functioning appropriate to the service recipient. An important goal of these services is to move the service recipient into less intensive levels of care and/or reintegration in to the community. The program must provide or arrange for an education component that is in compliance with the Rules, Regulations, and Minimum Standards of the Tennessee State Board of Education. The data for this indicator were obtained from the TDMH Licensure Database.
(<https://mhddapps.state.tn.us/Licensure/Inquiry.aspx?RPT=TDMHDD%20License%20Inquiry>)

Adult Indicators

- **15.1. Number of People Over 18 with Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year (National Survey on Drug Use and Health 2008 - 2009).** This indicator represents state estimates provided by SAMHSA in the National Survey for Drug Use and Health for persons who have been defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a substance use disorder, that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in serious functional impairment. (SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2008 and 2009, <http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/SAMHDA/>)
- **15.2. People Over 18 with Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 15.1. by the sum of 35.3, 35.5., and 35.7.
- **16.1. Number of People in Poverty (American Community Survey 2010).** This indicator represents a five-year estimate of persons who were living with an income level below the official poverty threshold from 2006 to 2010 (<http://www.census.gov/acs/www/>).
- **16.2. People in Poverty as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 16.1. by 34.1.
- **17.1. Number of Behavioral Health Safety Net (BHSN) Enrollments (TDMH FY 2011).** This indicator represents the number of enrollees who had a billed service between July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2011. BHSN enrollees are between 19-64 years old, have a serious mental illness, are at or below 100% of the federal poverty level, and are uninsured. The BHSN increases access to out-patient mental health treatment and prescription drugs. The top three BHSN services are case management, pharmacological management, and therapy. The data for this indicator were obtained from the TDMH Behavioral Health Safety Net Database.
- **17.2. Behavioral Health Safety Net Enrollments as a Percent of the Regional Number of People Over 18 with Serious Mental Illness.** Percentages were computed by dividing 17.1. by 15.1.
- **18.1. Number of TennCare Enrollees (Bureau of TennCare 2009).** This indicator represents the number of persons 21 years or older on TennCare as of December 2009. TennCare is Tennessee's Medicaid program. The data for this indicator were obtained from the Kids Count Indicator Data Center – Tennessee (<http://datacenter.kidscount.org/>).
- **18.2. TennCare Enrollees as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 18.1. by 34.1.

- **19.1. Number of Unique TDMH Operated Regional Mental Health Institute (RMHI) Admissions (TDMH FY 2011).** This indicator represents the number of unique admissions to a state-operated RMHI during the period of July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2011. These were persons diagnosed as having a mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)*. The data for this indicator were obtained from the TDMH AVATAR Database.
- **19.2. TDMH Operated RMHI Admissions as a Percent of the Regional Number of People Over 18 with Serious Mental Illness.** Percentages were computed by dividing 19.1. by 15.1.
- **20.1. Number of Unique TDMH Operated RMHI Admissions for People with Co-Occurring Mental Illness and Substance Abuse (TDMH FY 2011).** This indicator represents the number unique admissions to a state operated RMHI attributable to both mental health and substance abuse diagnoses during the period of July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2011. These were persons diagnosed as having a mental, behavioral, emotional, and a substance abuse disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)*. The data for this indicator were obtained from the TDMH.
- **20.2. TDMH Operated RMHI Admissions for People with Co-Occurring Mental Illness and Substance Abuse as a Percent of Regional RMHI Admissions.** Percentages were computed by dividing 20.1. by 19.1.
- **21.1. Number of People Over 18 with a Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year (National Survey on Drug Use and Health 2008 - 2009).** This indicator represents state estimates provided by SAMHSA for persons who fall into this category and demonstrated dependence or abuse as defined in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)*. Illicit drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. (SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2008 and 2009).
- **21.2. People Over 18 with a Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 21.1. by the sum of 35.3, 35.5., and 35.7.
- **22.1. Number of Unique A&D Treatment Service Admissions (TDMH FY 2011).** This indicator represents the number consumers who received A&D treatment services during the period of July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2011. The data for this indicator were obtained from the Tennessee Web Interface Technology System (TN-WITS).

- **22.2. A&D Treatment Service Admissions as a Percent of the Regional Number of People Over 18 with a Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year.** Percentages were computed by dividing 22.1. by 21.1.
- **23.1. Number of Unique A&D Addictions Recovery Program Admissions (TDMH 1/1/2011 - 6/30/11).** This indicator represents the number consumers who received addiction recovery support services during the period of January 1, 2011 and June 30, 2011. The data for this indicator were obtained from the Tennessee Web Interface Technology System (TN-WITS).
- **23.2. A&D Addictions Recovery Program Admissions as a Percent of the Regional Number of People Over 18 with a Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year.** Percentages were computed by dividing 23.1. by 21.1.
- **24.1. Number of Drug Related Arrests for People 18 and Over (Tennessee Incident Based Reporting System 2010).** This indicator represents the number of persons 18 and over who in 2010 violated the law prohibiting the production, distribution, and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The data for this indicator were obtained from the Tennessee Incident Based Reporting System (http://tbi.state.tn.us/tn_crime_stats/tibrs.shtml).
- **24.2. Drug Related Arrests for People as a Percent of Regional Population 18 and Over.** Percentages were computed by dividing 24.1. by the sum of 35.3, 35.5., and 35.7.
- **25.1. Number of TDMH Funded Co-occurring Capable Treatment Sites (TDMH FY 2011).** This indicator represents the number of treatment sites qualified to deliver co-occurring capable treatment services. These programs address co-occurring mental and substance-related disorders in their policies and procedures, assessment, treatment planning, program content, and discharge planning. Even where such programs are targeted primarily toward treating either substance use or mental mental health disorders, program staff are able to address the interaction between mental and substance related disorders and their effect on the consumers' readiness to change – as well as relapse and recovery environment issues – through individual and group program content. The data for this indicator were obtained from the Tennessee Web Interface Technology System (TN-WITS).

- **26.1. Number of TDMH Funded Co-occurring Enhanced Treatment Sites (TDMH FY 2011).** This indicator represents the number of sites who qualify to deliver co-occurring enhanced treatment services. These programs have a higher level of integration of substance abuse and mental health treatment and recovery services. These programs are able to provide unified and integrated substance abuse and mental health treatment and recovery to consumers who have unstable or disabling co-occurring disorders. These programs are often indistinguishable as either an addiction or mental health treatment and recovery program. The data for this indicator were obtained from the Tennessee Web Interface Technology System (TN-WITS).
- **27.1. Number of TDMH Funded Addictions Recovery Program Sites (TDMH FY 2011).** This indicator represents the number of sites where addictions recovery program services were provided during FY 2011. The data for this indicator were obtained from the Tennessee Web Interface Technology System (TN-WITS).
- **28.1. Mental Health Supportive Residential Licensed Bed Capacity (TDMH as of 2/22/2012).** This indicator represents the capacity of the mental health supportive living programs that provide 24-hour residential care. Services are provided for adult service recipients that include personal care services, training in community living skills, and/or socialization. Access to medical services, social services, and mental health services are provided off-site. The services provided are less intensive than required in a Supportive Residential Facility. The data for this indicator were obtained from the TDMH Licensure Database
{<https://mhdapps.state.tn.us/Licensure/Inquiry.aspx?RPT=TDMHDD%20License%20Inquiry>}.
- **29.1. Mental Health Adult Supportive Living Licensed Bed Capacity (TDMH as of 2/22/2012).** This indicator represents the capacity of the mental health residential programs that provide 24-hour residential care with a treatment and rehabilitation component less intensive than required in a Residential Treatment Facility. Coordinated and structured services are provided for adult service recipients that include personal care services, training in community living skills, vocational skills, and/or socialization. Access to medical services, social services, and mental health services are ensured and are usually provided off-site, although limited mental health treatment and rehabilitation may be provided on-site. The data for this indicator were obtained from the TDMH Licensure Database
<https://mhdapps.state.tn.us/Licensure/Inquiry.aspx?RPT=TDMHDD%20License%20Inquiry>).
- **30.1. A&D Halfway House Licensed Bed Capacity (TDMH as of 2/22/2012).** This indicator refers to the capacity of transitional residential programs that provide services to service recipients with alcohol and/or drug abuse or dependency disorders with the primary purpose of establishing vocational stability and counseling focused on re-entering the community. Service recipients are expected to be able to self-administer medication and to work, seek work, or attend vocational/educational activities away from the residence for part of the day. Services include counseling contacts, lectures, seminars, and other services necessary to meet the service recipient's assessed needs. The data for this indicator were obtained from the TDMH

Licensure Database

(<https://mhddapps.state.tn.us/Licensure/Inquiry.aspx?RPT=TDMHDD%20License%20Inquiry>).

- **31.1. Number of Licensed Mental Health Psychosocial Rehabilitation Program Sites (TDMH as of 2/23/2012).** This indicator refers to the number of sites that provide a consumer-centered program of services for adult service recipients to enhance and support the process of recovery. Program focus is based on a strengths model of mental health, working with the whole service recipient to improve service recipient functioning rather than treatment for symptoms of a mental illness. Service participants, in partnership with staff, form goals for skill development in the areas of vocational, educational, and interpersonal growth that serve to maximize opportunities for successful community integration. Service participants proceed with goal development at their own pace and may continue in the program with varying intensity for an indefinite period of time. The data for this indicator were obtained from the TDMH Licensure Database
(<https://mhddapps.state.tn.us/Licensure/Inquiry.aspx?RPT=TDMHDD%20License%20Inquiry>).
- **32.1. Mental Health Adult Residential Treatment Licensed Bed Capacity (TDMH as of 2/23/2012).** This indicator refers to the capacity of a mental health treatment program that provides 24-hour intensive, coordinated, and structured services for adult service recipients within a non-permanent therapeutic environment that focuses on enabling a service recipient to move to a less restrictive setting. The data for this indicator were obtained from the TDMH Licensure Database
(<https://mhddapps.state.tn.us/Licensure/Inquiry.aspx?RPT=TDMHDD%20License%20Inquiry>).
- **33.1. A&D Residential Rehabilitation Treatment Licensed Bed Capacity (TDMH as of 2/23/2012).** This indicator refers to the capacity of a residential program for service recipients at least 18 years of age, which offers highly structured services to service recipients with the purpose of restoring service recipients with alcohol and/or drug abuse or dependency disorders to levels of positive functioning and abstinence appropriate to the service recipient. A primary goal of these services is to move the service recipient into less intensive levels of care and/or reintegration into the community as appropriate. Services include counseling contacts, lectures/seminars, and other services necessary to meet the service recipients' assessed needs. The data for this indicator were obtained from the TDMH Licensure Database
(<https://mhddapps.state.tn.us/Licensure/Inquiry.aspx?RPT=TDMHDD%20License%20Inquiry>).

Demographics

- **34.1. Population (Census 2010).** This indicator refers to the number of people who identified their usual residence on April 1, 2010 as being in the state of Tennessee and the corresponding county. Usual residence has been defined as the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's voting residence or legal residence. Noncitizens who were living in the United States were included, regardless of their immigration status. Persons temporarily away from their usual residence, such as on vacation or on a business trip on Census Day, were counted at their usual residence. People who live at more than one residence during the week, month, or year were counted at the place where they live most of the year. People without a usual residence, however, were counted where they were staying on Census Day. The data for this indicator were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau (<http://2010.census.gov/2010census/>).
- **34.2. Population as a Percent of the State Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 34.1. by the Census 2010 state population.
- **35.1. Population Under 18 (Census 2010).** The age classification is based on the age of the person in complete years as of April 1, 2010. The age of the person usually was derived from their date of birth information. Their reported age was used only when date of birth information was unavailable. The data for this indicator were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau (<http://2010.census.gov/2010census/>).
- **35.2. Population Under 18 as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 35.1. by 34.1.
- **35.3. Population 18 - 24 (Census 2010).** The age classification is based on the age of the person in complete years as of April 1, 2010. The age of the person usually was derived from their date of birth information. Their reported age was used only when date of birth information was unavailable. The data for this indicator were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau (<http://2010.census.gov/2010census/>).
- **35.4. Population 18 - 24 as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 35.3. by 34.1.
- **35.5. Population 25-54 (Census 2010).** The age classification is based on the age of the person in complete years as of April 1, 2010. The age of the person usually was derived from their date of birth information. Their reported age was used only when date of birth information was unavailable. The data for this indicator were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau (<http://2010.census.gov/2010census/>).

- **35.6. Population 25 - 54 as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 35.5. by 34.1.
- **35.7. Population 55 and Older (Census 2010).** The age classification is based on the age of the person in complete years as of April 1, 2010. The age of the person usually was derived from their date of birth information. Their reported age was used only when date of birth information was unavailable. The data for this indicator were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau (<http://2010.census.gov/2010census/>).
- **35.8. Population 55 and Older as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 35.7. by 34.1.
- **36.1. White (Census 2010).** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as “White” or report entries such as Irish, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish. The data for this indicator were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau (<http://2010.census.gov/2010census/>).
- **36.2. White as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 36.1. by 34.1.
- **36.3. Black or African American (Census 2010).** This indicator represents a count of persons who have origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as “Black, African American, or Negro,” or provided written entries such as African American, Afro-American, Kenyan, Nigerian, or Haitian. The data for this indicator were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau (<http://2010.census.gov/2010census/>).
- **36.4. Black or African American as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 36.3. by 34.1.

- **36.5. American Indian and Alaska Native (Census 2010).** This indicator represents a count of persons who have origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and who maintain tribal affiliation or community attachment. It includes people who classified themselves as described below:

American Indian. This category includes people who indicated their race as “American Indian,” entered the name of an Indian tribe, or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French American Indian, or Spanish American Indian. American Indian tribe. Respondents who identified themselves as American Indian were asked to report their enrolled or principal tribe. Therefore, tribal data in tabulations reflect the written entries reported on the questionnaires. Some of the entries (for example, Iroquois, Sioux, Colorado River, and Flathead) represent nations or reservations. The information on tribe is based on self-identification and therefore does not reflect any designation of federally or state-recognized tribe. Information on American Indian tribes is presented in summary files. The information for Census 2010 is derived from the American Indian Tribal Classification List for the 1990 census that was updated based on a December 1997, Federal Register Notice, entitled “Indian Entities Recognized and Eligible to Receive Service From the United States Bureau of Indian Affairs,” Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Alaska Native. This category includes written responses of Eskimos, Aleuts, and Alaska Indians as well as entries such as Arctic Slope, Inupiat, Yupik, Alutiiq, Egegik, and Pribilovian. The Alaska tribes are the Alaskan Athabascan, Tlingit, and Haida. The information for Census 2010 is based on the American Indian Tribal Classification List for the 1990 census, which was expanded to list the individual Alaska Native Villages when provided as a written response for race.

The data for this indicator were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau (<http://2010.census.gov/2010census/>)

- **36.6. American Indian and Alaska Native as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 36.5. by 34.1.

- **36.7. Asian (Census 2010).** This indicator represents a count of persons who have origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam. It includes “Asian Indian,” “Chinese,” “Filipino,” “Korean,” “Japanese,” “Vietnamese,” and “Other Asian.”

Asian Indian. This category includes people who indicated their race as “Asian Indian” or identified themselves as Bengalese, Bharat, Dravidian, East Indian, or Goanese.

Chinese. This category includes people who indicate their race as “Chinese” or who identify themselves as Cantonese, or Chinese American. In some census tabulations, written entries of Taiwanese are included with Chinese while in others they are shown separately.

Filipino. This category includes people who indicate their race as “Filipino” or who report entries such as Philipino, Philippine, or Filipino American.

Japanese. This category includes people who indicate their race as “Japanese” or who report entries such as Nipponese or Japanese American.

Korean. This category includes people who indicate their race as “Korean” or who provide a response of Korean American.

Vietnamese. This category includes people who indicate their race as “Vietnamese” or who provide a response of Vietnamese American.

Cambodian. This category includes people who provide a response such as Cambodian or Cambodia.

Hmong. This category includes people who provide a response such as Hmong, Laohmong, or Mong.

Laotian. This category includes people who provide a response such as Laotian, Laos, or Lao.

Thai. This category includes people who provide a response such as Thai, Thailand, or Siamese.

Other Asian. This category includes people who provide a response of Bangladeshi; Bhutanese; Burmese; Indochinese; Indonesian; Iwo Jiman; Madagascar; Malaysian; Maldivian; Nepalese; Okinawan; Pakistani; Singaporean; Sri Lankan; or Other Asian, specified and Other Asian, not specified.

The data for this indicator were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau (<http://2010.census.gov/2010census/>).

- **36.8. Asian as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 36.7. by 34.1.
- **36.9. Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (Census 2010).** This indicator represents a count of persons who have origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands. It includes people who indicate their race as “Native Hawaiian,” “Guamanian or Chamorro,” “Samoan,” and “Other Pacific Islander.”

Native Hawaiian. This category includes people who indicate their race as “Native Hawaiian” or who identify themselves as “Part Hawaiian” or “Hawaiian.”

Guamanian or Chamorro. This category includes people who indicate their race as such, including written entries of Guam or Chamorro.

Samoan. This category includes people who indicate their race as “Samoan” or who identify themselves as American Samoan or Western Samoan.

Other Pacific Islander. This category includes people who provide a write-in response of a Pacific Islander group such as Carolinian; Chuukese (Trukese); Fijian; Kosraean; Melanesian; Micronesian; Northern Mariana Islander; Palauan; Papua New Guinean; Pohnpeian; Polynesian; Solomon Islander; Tahitian; Tokelauan; Tongan; Yapese; or Other Pacific Islander, specified and Other Pacific Islander, not specified.

The data for this indicator were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau (<http://2010.census.gov/2010census/>).

- **36.10. Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 36.9. by 34.1.
- **36.11. Some Other Race (Census 2010).** This indicator represents a count of persons who have origins in all other responses not included in the “White,” “Black or African American,” “American Indian or Alaska Native,” “Asian,” and “Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander” race categories described above. Respondents providing write-in entries such as multiracial, mixed, interracial, or a Hispanic/Latino group (for example, Mexican, Puerto Rican, or Cuban) in the “Some other race” write-in space are included in this category. The data for this indicator were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau (<http://2010.census.gov/2010census/>).
- **36.12. Some Other Race as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 36.11. by 34.1.

- **36.13. Two or More Races (Census 2010).** This indicator represents a count of persons who may have chosen to provide two or more races either by checking two or more race response check boxes, by providing multiple write-in responses, or by some combination of check boxes and write-in responses. The race response categories shown on the questionnaire are collapsed into the five minimum races identified by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), and the Census Bureau “Some other race” category. For data product purposes, “Two or more races” refers to combinations of two or more of the following race categories:
 1. White
 2. Black or African American
 3. American Indian and Alaska Native
 4. Asian
 5. Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
 6. Some other race

The data for this indicator were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau (<http://2010.census.gov/2010census/>).

- **36.14. Two or More Races as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 36.13. by 34.1.
- **37.1. Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin (Census 2010).** This indicator represents a count of persons who do not identify themselves as being of Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin regardless of race. The data for this indicator were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau (<http://2010.census.gov/2010census/>).
- **37.2. Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 37.1. by 34.1.
- **37.3. Of Hispanic or Latino Origin (Census 2010).** This indicator represents a count of a persons who identify themselves as being of Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin regardless of race. The data for this indicator were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau (<http://2010.census.gov/2010census/>).
- **37.4. Of Hispanic or Latino Origin as a Percent of Regional Population.** Percentages were computed by dividing 37.3. by 34.1.

- 38.1. Number of Families (American Community Survey 2006 - 2010).** This indicator represents an estimate of the number of families in each county aggregated by TDMH Policy and Planning Council Region. A family consists of a householder and one or more other people living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All people in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A family household may contain people not related to the householder, but those people were not included as part of the householder's family in tabulations. Thus, the number of family households is equal to the number of families, but family households may include more members than do families. A household can contain only one family for purposes of tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may be comprised of a group of unrelated people or of one person living alone – these are called nonfamily households. Families are classified by type as either a “married-couple family” or “other family” according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. The data for this indicator were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau (<http://www.census.gov/acs/www/>).
- 38.2. Number of Single Parent Families (American Community Survey 2006 - 2010).** This indicator represents a five-year estimate of the number of single parent families in each county aggregated by TDMH Policy and Planning Council Region. A single parent family consists of a householder and one or more other people living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth or adoption. All people in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A family household may contain people not related to the householder, but those people were not included as part of the householder's family in tabulations. The data for this indicator were obtained from the American Community Survey 2006 – 2010 (<http://www.census.gov/acs/www/>).
- 38.3. Single Parent Families as a Percent of Families in the Region.** Percentages were computed by dividing 38.2. by 38.1.
- 39.1. Population 5 Years and Over for whom English is the Primary Language (American Community Survey 2006 - 2010).** This indicator represents an estimate of the number of people who describe their primary language as English. The data for this indicator were obtained from the American Community Survey 2006 – 2010. (<http://www.census.gov/acs/www/>).
- 39.2. Population 5 years and over for whom English is Not the Primary Language (American Community Survey 2006 - 2010).** This indicator represents an estimate of the number of people who do not describe their primary language as English. The data for this indicator were obtained from the American Community Survey 2006 – 2010. (<http://www.census.gov/acs/www/>).
- 39.3. Persons for whom English is not the Primary Language as a Percent of Population over 5 Years of Age.** Percentages were computed by dividing 39.2 by the sum of 39.1 and 39.2.